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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5** PART III

**FACING PAGE** 

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN		/01/02 /M/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/02 MM/DD/YY
A. R	EGISTRAN	Γ IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Fi	rst Tryon S	ecurities,	LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF B	USINESS: (Do	not use P.O. E	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
401 East Trade Street				
	(N	o. and Street)		
Charlotte	N	orth Carol	ina	28202
(City)		(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF	PERSON TO C	CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS RE	EPORT
<del></del>				(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. A0	CCOUNTAN	T IDENTIF	CATION	
Cherry, Bekaert & Holland	, L.L.P.		n this Report*	
525 North Tryon Street, S	uite 1800.	Charlotte.	North Carolina	28202
(Address)	(City)	,	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:				
☑ Certified Public Accountant				PROCESSED
☐ Public Accountant				1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
☐ Accountant not resident in U	Jnited States or	any of its poss	essions.	MAR 1 3 2003
	FOR OFFI	CIAL USE C	NLY	FINANCIAL
	<u> </u>	<del>-/</del>		

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

## OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	H. Keith Brunnemer, Jr.	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my k	nowledge and belief the accompanying financia	l statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
F	irst Tryon Securities, LLC	, as
of	December 31	, 2002 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
		ncipal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	ified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
	,,	
		J Handel
		Di alla Dellinsena
	7	Signature ( )
	Notary Public, North Carolina	Member
	My Commission Expires January 25, 2008	Title S
7	doletho la /handle	£27.43
_	Notary Public	
	V Notary Public V	
This	report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
	a) Facing Page.	
	b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
	c) Statement of Income (Loss). and Changes d) Statement of Changes (Augustus)	
	e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equi	
	f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordin	
	g) Computation of Net Capital.	
`	h) Computation for Determination of Reserve I	•
	i) Information Relating to the Possession or Co	lanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
		ve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
		naudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
_ `	consolidation.	
	l) An Oath or Affirmation.	
	m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	found to aviet as found to have avieted sings the data of the services and it
<u>ъ</u>	n) A report describing any material madequactes	s found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Financial Statements and Accompanying Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2002

## Contents

	Page
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	. 2
Statement of Financial Condition	3
Statement of Income and Changes in Members' Capital	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-9
Accompanying Information	
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Accompanying Information	10
Schedule 1 - Computation of Net Capital and Net Capital Ratio	11
Schedule 2 - Material Inadequacies - Rule 17a-5(j)	12
Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5	13-14



#### Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

The Members
First Tryon Securities, L.L.C.
Charlotte, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of First Tryon Securities, L.L.C. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2002, and the related statements of income and changes in members' capital and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of First Tryon Securities, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cherry, Behaut & Halland, L. L. P.

Charlotte, North Carolina January 17, 2003

# First Tryon Securities, L.L.C.

## Statement of Financial Condition

#### Assets

	-	December 31, 2002
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	88,414
Cash deposited with clearing agent		50,000
Receivables from brokers and dealers		2,001,005
Marketable securities owned, at market value		5,124,074
Other investments		85,100
Interest receivable		65,797
Furniture and equipment, net of		
accumulated depreciation of \$89,954		55,075
Prepaid assets		29,723
Total assets	\$ _	7,499,188
Liabilities and Members' Capital		
Securities sold not yet purchased, at market value	\$	1,522,680
Accrued compensation		677,104
Distributions payable to members		397,938
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	-	26,466
Total liabilities		2,624,188
Members' capital	-	4,875,000
Total liabilities and members' capital	\$_	7,499,188

# First Tryon Securities, L.L.C.

## Statement of Income and Changes in Members' Capital

	Year Ended December 31, 2002
Revenues	
Net trading revenue	\$ 14,126,580
Interest income	310,539
Total revenues	14,437,119
Expenses	
Employee compensation and benefits:	
Salaries	854,188
Commissions	1,645,841
Bonuses	4,273,741
Benefits and taxes	148,217
Total compensation and benefits	6,921,987
Occupancy	58,387
Depreciation	18,161
Clearing fees	509,253
Other operating expenses	406,393
Total expenses	7,914,181
Net income	6,522,938
Members' capital	
Beginning balance	3,168,750
Contributions	81,250
Distributions	(4,897,938)
Ending balance	\$ 4,875,000

See notes to financial statements.

# First Tryon Securities, L.L.C.

## Statement of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31, 2002
Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income	\$ 6,522,938
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	18,161
Decrease in receivables from brokers and dealers	771,662
(Increase) in marketable securities owned	(2,817,781)
(Increase) in interest receivable	(22,423)
(Increase) in other assets	(17,742)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	443,722
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,898,537
Cash flows from investing activities	
Purchases of property and equipment	(45,960)
Net cash used in investing activities	(45,960)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Members' distributions	(4,897,938)
Members' contributions	81,250
Net cash used in financing activities	(4,816,688)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	35,889
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	52,525
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 88,414

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2002

#### Note 1 - Nature of operations

First Tryon Securities, L.L.C. is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD). The Company's purpose of operations is to engage as an introducing broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis in the purchase and sale of securities, primarily corporate debt securities, with other brokers and dealers. The Company was approved by the National Association of Securities Dealers to initiate trading operations as of October 21, 1996.

First Tryon Securities, L.L.C. is a North Carolina limited liability company, organized on September 1, 1996 and currently operating under the second amended and restated operating agreement dated January 1, 2001 and the subsequent amendment dated January 1, 2002. The Company shall continue until it is set to expire on December 31, 2046. Members are not ultimately liable for any debts, liabilities or obligations of the Company losses of capital nor losses of profits solely for acting as an equity owner and not beyond the respective initial capital contribution of each member. Withdrawing members' ownership interests are transferable, with no management rights, upon the lapse of the term for the Company's option to purchase same ownership interests. Ownership interests are transferable in accordance with the terms of the operating agreement.

#### Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

#### Cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Securities owned

Marketable securities consist of corporate debt securities and are valued at quoted market values. If a quoted market value is not available, market value is determined using quoted market prices for similar investment securities. Security transactions and any related gains or losses are recognized on the trade date. Cost is determined by the specific identification method for the purpose of computing realized gains or losses on investment securities.

#### Furniture and equipment

Furniture and equipment are carried at cost. Depreciation is charged to operations over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the 200% declining balance method. The costs of maintenance and repairs, which do not improve or extend the life of the respective asset, are expensed as incurred. The cost and accumulated depreciation of property are eliminated from the accounts upon disposal, and any resulting gain or loss is included in the determination of net income.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2002

#### Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Use of estimates in the preparation of financial statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Income taxes

Limited liability corporations are essentially taxed as partnerships, with the net income or loss flowing through to the members' individual income tax returns. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is reflected on the Company's financial statements.

#### Allocations and distributions to Members

Allocation of income and losses and distributions of cash are made to the members in accordance with the terms of the operating agreement and amendments entered into by the members. The allocations are based on the members' ownership interests.

#### Note 3 - Clearing broker and related receivable

The Company has a clearing agreement with Pershing, a division of Credit Suisse First Boston to clear all trade transactions. The Company is required to maintain a cash balance of \$50,000 on deposit with Pershing in accordance with the terms of the clearing agreement.

An account is maintained with Pershing that is composed of funds to settle securities traded but not yet settled and the proceeds from all trade transactions. The funds in this account are available for the daily trading transactions initiated by the Company that are cleared through Pershing. This account is also used by the Company to transfer funds to correspondent bank accounts for the administrative operations of the Company. Commissions receivable are also recorded in this account.

Although at December 31, 2002 there were no payables to Pershing, the Company does have a margin account with Pershing. Securities owned by the Company are pledged as collateral for any outstanding payables, which accrue interest at a base variable rate determined as described in the Pershing agreement. Interest expense on the margin account for the year ended December 31, 2002 was \$40,150.

#### Note 4 - Marketable securities owned and securities sold not yet purchased

All trading securities are valued at market value as of December 31, 2002. During the normal course of business, the Company may sell securities not yet purchased. Since the Company will eventually purchase these securities at prevailing market prices, off-balance sheet risk may rise due to the nature of fluctuating market prices for the marketable securities. All marketable securities owned and securities sold not yet purchased are corporate debt securities.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2002

#### Note 5 – Other investments

During 2000, the Company invested in the common stock and warrants of NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc., and has classified the investments as available-for-sale. The Company carries the investments at cost, which is not materially different than market value as of December 31, 2002.

#### Note 6 - Furniture and equipment

Furniture and equipment as of December 31, 2002 are summarized as follows:

		2002
Furniture and equipment	\$	145,029
Less: accumulated depreciation	-	(89,954)
	\$_	55,075

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2002 was \$18,161.

#### Note 7 - Capital requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$100,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. The net capital and net capital ratio, which agree with our Focus Report as of December 31, 2002 were as follows:

Net capital	\$ 4,317,252
Net capital ratio (ratio of indebtedness	
to capital)	0.255 to 1

#### Note 8 - Part I, Form X-17a-5:

The most recent annual report of the Company is available for examination and copying at the office of the Company and at the Atlanta Regional Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### Note 9 - Profit sharing plan

Effective June 15, 2000, the Company adopted its 401(k) profit sharing plan available to all employees. Participants can contribute up to 15% of their compensation and the Company may make a discretionary matching contribution equal to the lesser of 6% of eligible compensation or the amount deferred. The Company elected not to make a discretionary matching contribution to the profit sharing plan for the year ended December 31, 2002, therefore no accrual was recorded, however a top heavy contribution of \$4,443 was made during 2002.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002

#### Note 10 - Supplemental cash flow information

Amounts paid for interest expense totaled \$40,150 during 2002.

#### Note 11 - Operating lease

The Company leases the building under a five-year operating lease that is renewable in August 2005. Future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2002 are as follows:

2003	\$ 52,548
2004	53,892
2005	50,531
2006 and thereafter	•
	\$ 156,971

Lease expense was \$51,203 for the year ended December 31, 2002.

In January 2003, the lessor and the Company agreed to terminate the lease on June 30, 2003.

#### Note 12 - Concentrations of credit risk and other business concentrations

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the security. The Company evaluates each counterparty's financial condition and creditworthiness before making a decision to conduct business with that counterparty and on an on-going periodic basis.

Additionally, the Company places its cash and cash equivalents on deposit with North Carolina financial institutions and with Pershing. The balances at the financial institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$100,000. From time to time, the Company may have balances on deposit in excess of the FDIC insured limits. The balances with Pershing are not insured, however Pershing is a reputable, well-known entity and the risk of loss for the deposits held at Pershing is considered to be remote by the Company.

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION



# Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Accompanying Information

The Members
First Tryon Securities, L.L.C.
Charlotte, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of First Tryon Securities, L.L.C. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2003. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying information on pages eleven and twelve is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Cheny, Behavet & Holland, L.L. P.

Charlotte, North Carolina January 17, 2003

## Schedule 1

# First Tryon Securities, L.L.C.

# Computation of Net Capital and Net Capital Ratio

## Rule 15c3-1

	Year Ended December 31, 2002
Members' Capital	\$ 4,875,000
Less:	
Prepaid expenses	29,723
Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	55,075
Other unsecured investments	85,100
Discount on concentrated portion	531
Specified percentage reduction in market value of securities	20# 210
in Company trading and investment accounts	387,319
	557,748
Net capital	\$ 4,317,252
Aggregate indebtedness	\$ 1,101,508
Ratio of indebtedness to capital	0.255 to 1

Schedule 2

## FIRST TRYON SECURITIES, L.L.C.

Material Inadequacies - Rule 17a-5(j)

Year Ended December 31, 2002

Material Inadequacy

Corrective Action Taken or Proposed

None

Not applicable



#### Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

The Members
First Tryon Securities, L.L.C.
Charlotte, North Carolina

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of First Tryon Securities, L.L.C. for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by First Tryon Securities, L.L.C. including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recording of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Company's member-managers, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cherry, Behaert & Holland, L.L.P.

Charlotte, North Carolina January 17, 2003